

TUESDAY, MARCH 03, 2009

Silverlight Multi-part File Upload Form Post

Silverlight not actually very web friendly. It lacks of built-in support for the current HTML form post protocol. So, we have to write it our own. I have written an extension class and two serializer classes, one for normal form post (`DataContractQueryStringSerializer`) while the other for multipart upload form post (`DataContractMultiPartSerializer`).

If you only want to have the working code, just copy the code below. Detail explanation is available at [Multi-Part Form Post in Shane's Shelf](#)

```
public static class Extensions
```

```
public static void PostFormAsync(this HttpRequest request, object parameters, AsyncCallback callback) { request.Method = "POST"; request.ContentType = "application/x-www-form-urlencoded"; request.BeginGetRequestStream(new AsyncCallback(asyncResult => { Stream stream = request.EndGetRequestStream(asyncResult); DataContractQueryStringSerializer ser = new DataContractQueryStringSerializer(); ser.WriteObject(stream, parameters); stream.Close(); request.BeginGetResponse(callback, request); }), request); }
```

```
public static void PostMultiPartAsync (this HttpRequest request, object parameters, AsyncCallback callback) { request.Method = "POST"; string boundary = "-----" + DateTime.Now.Ticks.ToString(); request.ContentType = "multipart/form-data; boundary=" + boundary; request.BeginGetRequestStream(new AsyncCallback(asyncResult => { Stream stream = request.EndGetRequestStream(asyncResult);
```

```
DataContractMultiPartSerializer ser = new DataContractMultiPartSerializer(boundary); ser.WriteObject(stream, parameters); stream.Close(); request.BeginGetResponse(callback, request); }}, request); }
```

```
public class DataContractQueryStringSerializer
```

```
public void WriteObject(Stream stream , object data) { StreamWriter writer = new StreamWriter(stream); if (data != null) { if (data is Dictionary<string , string>) { foreach (var entry in data as Dictionary<string, string>) { writer.Write("{0}={1} &", entry.Key, entry.Value); } } else { foreach (var prop in data.GetType().GetFields()) { foreach (var attribute in prop.GetCustomAttributes(true)) { if (attribute is DataMemberAttribute) {
```

```
attribute member = attribute as DataMemberAttribute;
```

```
"{0}={1}&", member.Name ?? prop.Name, prop.GetValue(data)); } } } foreach (var prop in data
.GetType().GetProperties()) { if (prop.CanRead) { foreach (var attribute in
prop.GetCustomAttributes(true)) {
```

```
is DataMemberAttribute)
```

```
MemberAttribute member = attribute as DataMemberAttribute;
```

```
ite("{0}={1}&", member.Name ?? prop.Name, prop.GetValue(data, null));
```

```
} } } writer.Flush(); } }
```

```
public class DataContractMultiPartSerializer
```

```
private string boundary; public DataContractMultiPartSerialize r(string boundary) { this.boundary =
boundary; }
```

```
private void WriteEntry(StreamWriter writer, string key, object value) { if (value != null) {
writer.Write("--"); writer.WriteLine(boundary); if (value is FileInfo) {
```

```
FileInfo f = value as FileInfo; writer.WriteLine(@"Content-Disposition: form-data; name="{0}"; fil
ename="{1}"", key, f.Name); writer.WriteLine("Content-Type: application/octet-stream");
writer.WriteLine("Content-Length: " + f.Length); writer.WriteLine(); writer.Flush(); Stream output =
writer.BaseStream; Stream input = f.OpenRead
```

```
byte[] buffer = new byte[ 4096]; for (int size = input.Read(buffer, 0, buffer.Length); size > 0; size =
input.Read(buffer, 0, buffer.Length)) { output.Write(buffer, 0, size); } output.Flush(); writer.WriteLine();
} else { writer.WriteLine(@"Content-Disposition: form-data; name="{0}""", ke
```

```
writer.WriteLine(); writer.WriteLine(value.ToString()); } }
```

```
public void WriteObject(Stream stream, object data) { StreamWriter writer = new StreamWriter(stream);
if (data != null) { if (data is Dictionary<string, object>) { foreach (var entry in data as Dictionary<string,
object>) { WriteEntry(writer, entry.Key, entry.Value); } } else { foreach (var prop in data
.GetType().GetFields()) { foreach (var attribute in prop.GetCustomAttributes(true)) { if (attribute is
DataMemberAttribute) {
```

```
MemberAttribute member = attribute as DataMemberAttribute;
```

```
ite, member.Name ?? prop.Name, prop.GetValue(data)); } } } foreach (var prop in data
.GetType().GetProperties()) { if (prop.CanRead) { foreach (var attribute in
prop.GetCustomAttributes(true)) {
```

```
is DataMemberAttribute)
```

rAttribute member = attribute as DataMember Attribute;

y(writer, member.Name ?? prop.Name, prop.GetValue(data, null));

} } } } writer.Write("--"); writer.Write(boundary); writer.WriteLine("--"); writer.Flush(); }

The usage is as follows: First a PHP file

```
<?php    print_r($_REQUEST);    $src    =    $_FILES['y']['tmp_name'];    $dest    =  
"C:\\Windows\\Temp\\".$_FILES['y']['name']; echo $src; echo "\r\n"; echo $dest; echo @copy($src,  
$dest);
```

Then the Page control

```
public partial class Page : UserControl
```

```
public Page() { InitializeComponent(); // Create a request object HttpRequest request = (HttpWeb  
Request)WebRequest.Create(new Uri("http://localhost/rms/test.php")); OpenFileDialog dlg = new  
OpenFileDialog(); if (dlg.ShowDialog().Value) { request.PostMultiPartAsync(new Dictionary<string,  
object> { { "x", "1" }, { "y", dlg.File } }, new AsyncCallback(asyncResult => { HttpResponseMessage  
response = (HttpResponse)request.GetResponse(asyncResult);
```

```
Stream responseStream = response.GetResponseStream(); StreamReader reader = new  
StreamReader(responseStream); this.Dispatcher.BeginInvoke(delegate { // output is a TextBl
```

```
output.Text = reader.ReadToEnd(); response.Close(); }); }); }
```

Since it is able to serialize data contract, you could actually replace

```
new Dictionary<string, object> { { "x", "1" }, { "y", dlg.File } }
```

```
new Point(){X=1, Y=2}
```

given the point class is like this:

```
[DataContract] public class Point
```

```
[DataMember] public int X { get; set; } [DataMember(Name="y")] public int Y { get; set; }
```

Shane Ng at 2:21 AM

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4 comments:

Dai Lo 3:28 AM

Cool! The multipart handling was exactly what I needed. Nice work!

Reply

Anonymous 4:53 PM

Hi, I failed in EndGetResponse(), and got security exception. What will the encoding data would like?
Could you give me an example?

Thanks a lot~

Reply

Naveen 7:10 PM

Could you post the receiving part? Meaning, how to take the multipart request in the server (Jersey) and process the multipart request?

Reply

Shane Ng 1:13 AM

It's just a multi-part form

standard Java Web Container (e.g. Tomcat) will be able to process it natively.

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Shane Ng

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